

Quick Genomic DNA Extraction Kit

it Contents			
Component	D2011	D2012	
	50 preps	100 preps	
Solution DS	15 ml	30 ml	
Solution MS	20 ml	40 ml	
Proteinase K (20 mg/ml)	1 ml	2 ml	
Wash Buffer PS	18 ml	36 ml	
Wash Buffer PE	15 ml	30 ml	
Elution Buffer TE (10 mM Tris-HCl, 1 mM EDTA, pH 8.5)	5 ml	10 ml	
Spin Columns	50 each	100 each	

Catalog No.: D2011 (50 preps) D2012 (100 preps)

Description

The Genomic DNA extraction system uses the silica-based membrane technology for simple and fast isolation of genomic DNA (gDNA) without phenol/chloroform. Homogenization is not necessary since tissues are directly lysed by Proteinase K. The buffer system is optimized to allow selective binding of DNA to the silica-based membrane. The simple centrifugation procedure can completely removes impurities such as proteins, divalent cations, and secondary metabolites. Pure DNA is then eluted in water or low-salt buffer, ready to use.

The kit is suitable for high quality genomic DNA purification of tissue from insects, nematodes and mammals, etc.

Downstream Applications

Purified DNA is free of impurities and enzyme inhibitors, and have an $A_{260/280}$ = 1.7-1.9, is suitable for applications such as:

- Genotyping
- PCR/qPCR
- Restriction enzyme digestion
- Sequencing
- Southern blotting

Features

- Fast procedure takes only 30 min (not contain tissue processing)
- High efficiency 3-35 μ g of genomic DNA from 10 mg tissue
- Universal purifies genomic DNA from various sources

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- Safe no phenol/cholroform extraction step
- **Convenient** purified DNA can be directly used in all molecular biology applications.
- **High purity** purified DNA without enzyme inhibitors, RNA or proteins, ready for downstream applications

Storage

Store Proteinase K at -20°C, other reagents at room temperature for up to 1 year. Any precipitate in the Solution DS and Solution MS can be dissolved by incubating at 37°C before use.

Important Notes

• Prior to the initial use of the kit, dilute the Wash Buffer PS, Wash Buffer PE with isopropyl alcohol or ethanol (96-100%):

Solution	D2011 (50 preps)	D2012 (100 preps)
Wash Buffer PS	18 ml	36 ml
lsopropyl Alcohol	12 ml	24 ml
Total Volume	30 ml	60 ml
Solution	D2011 (50 preps)	D2012 (100 preps)
Wash Buffer PE	15 ml	30 ml
Ethanol	45 ml	90 ml
Total Volume	60 ml	120 ml

Mix well, mark the labels on the bottle that isopropyl alcohol or ethanol is added.

• Ensure that no DNases are introduced into the sterile solutions of the kit. • Make sure there is no precipitates in Solution DS and Solution MS. If any precipitate is visible, warming the solutions at 37°C for 3-5 min to dissolve the precipitate, and cooling to 25°C before use.

• Wear disposable gloves when handling the Solution MS as it contains guanidine hydrochloride.

All purification steps should be carried out at room temperature.
All centrifugations should be carried out by a table-top microcentrifuge at>1,2000 g (10,000-14,000 rpm, depending on the rotor type).

Protocol

Add ≤10 mg of homogenized tissue to a 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube.
 Optional · Insects, nematodes or mammalian tissue (fresh or frozen) can be processed by freezing with liquid nitrogen and grinding into powder using mortar and pestle.

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- Add 200 μl Solution DS. Mix immediately and thoroughly by brief vortexing or inverting. Optional • If RNA-free genomic DNA is required, add 4 μl RNase A (100 mg/ml) and incubate for 5 min at room temperature. RNase A can be purchased separately.
- 3. Add 20 µl **Proteinase K**, Mix thoroughly by brief vortexing or inverting. Incubate at 55°C until yield a homogeneous solution (1-3 hours or overnight).
- 4. Add 220 μ l **Solution MS**, Mix thoroughly by brief vortexing or inverting. Incubate at 65°C for 10 min (inverting several times to yield a homogeneous solution).
- 5. Add 220 μ l **ethanol (96–100%)** to the lysate and mix thoroughly by brief vortexing or inverting.
- 6. Pipet the mixture from step 5 into the spin column placed in a 2 ml collection tube (provided). Centrifuge at 12,000 rpm for 1 min. Discard flow-through. Note • Genomic DNA is adsorbed on the silica membrane of the column in this step.
- Add 500 μl Wash Buffer PS, and centrifuge for 1 min at 12,000 rpm. Discard flowthrough.

Note • Wash Buffer PS must be diluted with isopropyl alcohol previously.

 Add 500 μl Wash Buffer PE, and centrifuge for 1 min at 12,000 rpm. Discard flowthrough.

Note • Wash Buffer PE must be diluted with ethanol (96-100%) previously.

- 9. Repeat step 8.
- 10. Centrifuge for 3 min at 12,000 rpm to dry the column membrane. Discard flow-through and collection tube.

Note • Since residual ethanol may interfere with subsequent reactions, it is important to dry the membrane of the spin column. This centrifugation step ensures that no residual ethanol will be carried during the following elution step. If carryover of ethanol occurs, empty the collection tube, then reuse it after centrifuging for 1 min at 12,000 rpm.

- Place the spin column in a clean 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube (not provided), and pipet 30-100 μl Elution Buffer TE directly onto the membrane. Incubate at room temperature for 2 min.
- 12. Note Elution buffer TE can be replaced by deionized water. But the pH should be 8.0-8.5.
 Prewarm Elution Buffer TE to 65 °C can increase the yield of genomic DNA.
- 13. Centrifuge for 2 min at 12,000 rpm. The tube contains the purified DNA. Store the DNA at -20°C.

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