

# 2x SYBR® Green qPCR Mix

Cat No. P1061 1ml

P1062 1mlx5

Components

Component	P1061	P1062
2x SYBR® Green qPCR Mix	1ml	1 mlx5
Nuclease-free Water	1ml	1 mlx5

#### Storage

This reagent can be stored at 4°C for 2 months and protected from light. For longer storage, it should be kept at -20°C and protected from light.

#### Description

 $2x\ SYBR^{\$}$  Green qPCR Mix is designed for high-performance, high-throughput, real-time PCR. The kit contains a Taq DNA polymerase engineered through a process of molecular evolution. The result is a unique enzyme, specifically designed for qPCR using  $SYBR^{\$}$  Green I dye chemistry.

2x SYBR® Green qPCR Mix is a convenient premix of the components (except primers, template, and water) necessary to perform real-time polymerase chain reaction (PCR) using SYBR® Green I dye with enhanced sensitivity and specificity. The SYBR® Green dye binds to double-stranded (ds) DNA, thus providing a fluorescent signal that reflects the amount of dsDNA product generated during PCR.

## **Applications**

- Gene expression analysis
- Low copy gene detection
- Microarray validation
- Gene knockdown validation

#### **Features**

- This reagent can be used in glass capillary systems (e.g. LightCycler, Roche Molecular Systems, Inc.).
- Hot Start technology with anti-Taq DNA polymerase antibodies enables high specificity and reproducible amplification.

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# Composition of the SYBR Green qPCR Mix

100 mM KCl , 5 mM MgCl2, 400  $\mu$ M dNTPs, 0.1 U/ $\mu$ l Hot Start Taq DNA Polymerase, 1x SYBR<sup>®</sup> Green and other optimized buffer components.

## Instrument Guide Table

Instrument	Rox Reference Dye
ABI 5700, 7000, 7300, 7700, 7900HT	High Rox+
Step One™, and Step One Plus™	(Cat# P3051, P3052)
ABI 7500 Rox Low	Low Rox+
Stratagene Mx3000P®, Mx3005P™, and Mx4000®	(Cat# P3061, P3062)
Rotor-Gene™; DNA Engine Opticon™,	No Rox
Opticon® 2, and Chromo 4™ Real-Time Detector;	(Cat# P2091, P2092)
No Rox Mastercycler <sup>®</sup> ep realplex, Smart Cycler <sup>®</sup> , Roche LightCycler <sup>®</sup> 480, Bio-Rad CFX96	

#### Protocol

This protocol is intended for use with the Rotor-Gene $^{\text{TM}}$ ; DNA Engine Opticon $^{\text{TM}}$ , Opticon $^{\text{TM}}$  2, and Chromo  $4^{\text{TM}}$  Real-Time Detector; No Rox Mastercycler $^{\text{RM}}$  ep realplex, Smart Cycler $^{\text{RM}}$ , Roche LightCycler $^{\text{RM}}$  480, Bio-Rad CFX96. This kit is not compatible with instruments that use Rox Reference Dye.

#### 1. Preparation of reaction solution

Add all the solution in a thin walled PCR tube on ice.

For a total 20µl reaction volume

Component of sample	Volume	Final concentration
2x SYBR® Green qPCR Mix	10 μΙ	1X
Forward Primer (10 μM)	0.4 μΙ	0.2 μΜ
Reverse Primer(10 μM)	0.4 μΙ	0.2 μΜ
Template DNA	variable	( <lng td="" μl)<=""></lng>
Water, nuclease-free	to 20 μl	-

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#### Note:

The primer concentration can be further optimized, if needed. The optimal range for primers is  $0.1 \sim 1 \mu M$ .

The Template DNA concentration can be further optimized by gradient dilution. The concentration is generally  $< 1 \, \text{ng/}\mu\text{l}$ .

#### 2. Setup the plate

- Transfer the appropriate volume of reaction mixture to each well of a PCR tube/plate. Reaction volumes may be scaled down from 20  $\mu$ l to 10  $\mu$ l if low volume tubes/plates are used.
- Cap or seal the reaction tube/plate and centrifuge briefly.

# 3. Preform qPCR using the following thermal cycling conditions.

Initial Denaturation	95°C	20 sec-3 min*	Hold
Denature	95°C	5 sec **	
Anneal/Extend***	60°C	>20 sec	40 Cycles
Melting curve analysis			

<sup>\*20</sup> sec at 95°C is sufficient time for enzyme activation, however optimal denaturation of complex targets may require up to 3 min denaturation.

## 4. Analyze the results

Data analysis varies depending on the instrument used. Please refer to your instrument user guide for information.

## Important Notes

#### **Template**

Genomic DNA, plasmid DNA, or cDNA can be used as template. For optimal quantitative results use up to 20ng of genomic DNA or plasmid DNA per 20µl reaction (for smaller volumes, the amount of template should be decreased BKL ZONE. Calle Finlandia, parcela 108, nave 5. Polígono Industrial Tecnocórdoba. 14014 Córdoba, España.

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<sup>\*\*</sup>Select minimum time (not less than 20 sec) according to instrument user guide.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>For 3 step cycling protocols, anneal at optimal annealing temperature for 20 sec followed by 5 sec extension and data acquisition at 72°C.



equivalently). Using greater amounts of template may reduce the maximum fluorescence signal and linearity of standard curves due to binding of the SYBR®Green I dye to the template. For two-step RT-PCR, use either undiluted or diluted cDNA generated from up to 1 $\mu$ g of total RNA. The volume of the cDNA added (from the RT reaction) should not exceed 10% of the final PCR volume (e.g., for a 20 $\mu$ l qPCR reaction, use up to 2.0 $\mu$ l of undiluted cDNA).

#### **Primers**

Careful primer design and purification (HPLC-purified primers are recommended) is particularly important in order to minimize loss in sensitivity due to the production of nonspecific amplification products in SYBR® Green I-based qPCR. This effect becomes more prominent at low target concentrations. To maximize the sensitivity of the assay, use the lowest concentration of primers that can be used without compromising the efficiency of the PCR reaction (50-400nM of each primer). For optimal results, design primers that amplify PCR products 60-400 bp in length. The primers should exhibit a melting temperature (Tm) of approximately 60°C, to take advantage of two-step cycling. If performing real-time two-step RT-PCR, we recommend designing primers specifically for amplification of cDNA derived from mRNA. This prevents amplification of contaminating genomic DNA and inaccurate quantification of mRNA.

# Melting Curve Analysis

Following real-time qPCR, melting curve analysis should always be performed to identify the presence of primer-dimers and analyze the specificity of the reaction. Program your thermocycler according to the instructions provided.

## SYBR® Green I

 $2x\ SYBR^{\$}$  Green qPCR Mix contains an elevated, optimized concentration of the fluorescent dye,  $SYBR^{\$}$  Green I. High signal intensities are achieved as a result of increased tolerance to high concentrations of  $SYBR^{\$}$  Green I by the engineered  $SYBR^{\$}$  DNA Polymerase.  $SYBR^{\$}$  Green I binds all double-stranded DNA molecules, emitting a fluorescent signal on binding. The excitation and emission maxima of  $SYBR^{\$}$  Green I are at 494 nm and 521 nm, respectively, which are compatible with use on any real-time cycler. .

## Magnesium chloride

The MgCl2 concentration in  $2x SYBR^{\otimes}$  Green qPCR Mix is optimized for most primer combinations. You do not need to add additional MgCl2 to the mix to get efficient and specific PCR.

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## Guidelines for preventing contamination of qPCR reaction

During qPCR more than 10 million copies of template DNA are generated. Therefore, care must be taken to avoid contamination with other templates and amplicons that may be present in the laboratory environment. General recommendations to lower the risk of contamination are as follows:

- Prepare your DNA sample, set up the qPCR mixture, perform thermal cycling and analyze PCR products in separate areas.
- Set up aPCR mixtures in a laminar flow cabinet equipped with an UV lamp.
- Wear fresh gloves for DNA purification and reaction set up.
- Use reagent containers dedicated for PCR. Use positive displacement pipettes, or use pipette tips with aerosol filters to prepare DNA samples and perform PCR set up.
- Always perform "no template control" (NTC) reactions to check for contamination

# **Quality Control**

The absence of endodeoxyribonucleases, exodeoxyribonucl- eases and ribonucleases is confirmed by appropriate quality tests. Functionally tested in amplification of a single-copy gene from human genomic DNA.

## **Product Use Limitations**

2x SYBR® Green qPCR Mix is sold exclusively for research purposes and in vitro use. Neither the product, nor any individual components, was tested for use in diagnostic applications or for drug development, nor is it suitable for administration to humans or animals. Please refer to the MSDS, available upon request.

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