



## HS<sup>TM</sup> Taq DNA Polymerase

Catalog No.: P2042 (500U)

**Concentration:** 5U/ $\mu$ l

**Contents:** HS<sup>TM</sup> Taq DNA Polymerase 100 $\mu$ l  
10xHS<sup>TM</sup> PCR Buffer(Mg<sup>2+</sup> Plus) 1.25ml  
6xLoading Buffer 1ml

**Store at -20°C**

In total 3 vials.

### Description

HS<sup>TM</sup> Taq DNA Polymerase is a thermostable recombinant DNA polymerase derived from thermophilic bacterium *Thermus aquaticus*. Its molecular weight is 94 kDa. HS<sup>TM</sup> Taq DNA Polymerase can amplify DNA target up to 5 kb. The elongation velocity is 0.9~1.2kb/min. It has 5' to 3' polymerase activity but lacks of 3' to 5' exonuclease activity that results in a 3'-dA overhangs PCR product. All components of the HS<sup>TM</sup> PCR Buffer are at optimal concentration for efficient amplification. It contributes to highly specific incorporation of primer and template.

### Unit Definition

One unit is defined as the amount of the enzyme required to catalyze the incorporation of 10 nmole of dNTPs into an acid-insoluble form in 30 minutes at 70°C using hering sperm DNA as substrate.

### Storage Buffer

20mM TrisCl ( pH8.0), 100mM KCl, 3mM MgCl<sub>2</sub> 1mM DTT, 0.1% NP-40 ,0.1% Tween20, 0.2mg/ml BSA, 50% (v/v) glycerol

### 10X HS<sup>TM</sup> PCR Buffer with Mg<sup>2+</sup>

200 mM Tris-Cl(PH 8.8), 100 mM KCl, 16 mM MgSO<sub>4</sub>, 1% Triton-X-100.

BKL ZONE. Calle Finlandia, parcela 108, nave 5. Polígono Industrial Tecnocórdoba.  
14014 Córdoba, España.

### PRODUCT USE LIMITATION.

This product is developed, designed and sold exclusively *for research purposes and in vitro use only*. The product was not tested for use in diagnostics or for drug development, nor is it suitable for administration to humans or animals.

## Applications

- PCR amplification of DNA fragments as long as 5 kb
- DNA labeling.
- DNA sequencing.
- PCR for cloning.

## Basic PCR Protocol

The following basic protocol serves as a general guideline and a starting point for any PCR amplification. Optimal reaction conditions (incubation time and temperature, concentration of HSTM Taq DNA Polymerase, primers, MgCl<sub>2</sub>, and template DNA) vary and need to be optimized.

**1. Add the following components to a sterile microcentrifuge tube sitting on ice:**

### 1.1 Recommended PCR assay with HSTM<sup>TM</sup> PCR Buffer (Mg<sup>2+</sup> plus)

Reagent	Quantity, for 50µl reaction	Final concentration
Sterile deionized water	variable	-
10X HSTM <sup>TM</sup> PCR Buffer(Mg <sup>2+</sup> plus)	5µl	1X
dNTPs (10mM each)	1µl	0.2 mM each
Primer I	variable	0.4-1µM
Primer II	variable	0.4-1µM
HSTM <sup>TM</sup> Taq DNA Polymerase (5U/µl )	0.25-0.5 µl	1.25-2.5U/50 µl

BKL ZONE. Calle Finlandia, parcela 108, nave 5. Polígono Industrial Tecnocórdoba.  
14014 Córdoba, España.

Template DNA	variable	10pg-1µg
Total		50µl

## 1.2 Recommended PCR assay with *HS*<sup>TM</sup> PCR Buffer (Mg<sup>2+</sup> free )

Reagent	Quantity, for 50µl reaction	Final concentration
Sterile deionized water	variable	-
10X <i>HS</i> <sup>TM</sup> PCR Buffer (Mg <sup>2+</sup> free)	5µl	1X
dNTPs (10mM each)	1µl	0.2 mM each
Primer I	variable	0.4-1µM
Primer II	variable	0.4-1µM
25mM Mg <sup>2+</sup>	variable	1-4mM
<i>HS</i> <sup>TM</sup> Taq DNA Polymerase (5U/µl)	0.25-0.5 µl	1.25-2.5U/50 µl
Template DNA	variable	10pg-1µg
Total		50µl

Table for selection of 25 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub> solution volume in

50µl reaction mix :

Final conc.	Mg <sup>2+</sup>	1.0m M	1.5m M	2.0m M	2.5m M	3m M	4m M
Mg <sup>2+</sup> Stock		2µl	3µl	4µl	5µl	6µl	8µl

## Recommendations with Template DNA in a 50µl reaction volume

Human genomic DNA	0.1 µg-1 µg
Plasmid DNA	0.5 ng-5 ng
Phage DNA	0.1 ng-10 ng
E.coli genomic DNA	10 ng-100 ng

BKL ZONE. Calle Finlandia, parcela 108, nave 5. Polígono Industrial Tecnocórdoba.  
14014 Córdoba, España.

2. Mix contents of tube. Cap tubes and centrifuge briefly to collect the contents to the bottom.

When using a thermal cycler that does not contain a heated lid, overlay the reaction mixture with 25 µl mineral oil.

3. Perform 25-35 cycles of PCR amplification as follows:

Initial Denaturation	94°C	3 minutes
25-35 Cycles	94°C	30 seconds
	55-68°C	30 seconds
	72°C	1 minutes
Final Extension	72°C	10 minutes

4. Incubate for an additional 10 min at 72°C and maintain the reaction at 4°C. The samples can be stored at -20°C until use.

5. Analyze the amplification products by agarose gel electrophoresis and visualize by ethidium bromide staining. Use appropriate molecular weight standards.

### Notes on cycling conditions

- *HS<sup>TM</sup>* Taq DNA Polymerase is for High Specificity PCR applications.
- The half-life of enzyme is >40 minutes at 95°C.
- The error rate of *HS<sup>TM</sup>* Taq DNA Polymerase in PCR is  $2.2 \times 10^{-5}$  errors per nt per cycle; the accuracy (an inverse of the error rate) an average number of correct nucleotides incorporated before making an error, is  $4.5 \times 10^{-4}$  (determined according to the modified method described in ).
- *HS<sup>TM</sup>* Taq DNA Polymerase accepts modified nucleotides (e.g. biotin-, digoxigenin-, fluorescent-labeled nucleotides) as substrates for the DNA synthesis.
- The number of PCR cycles depends on the amount of template DNA in the reaction mix and on the expected yield of the PCR product. 25-35 cycles are usually sufficient for the majority PCR reaction. Low amounts of starting template may require 40 cycles.

BKL ZONE. Calle Finlandia, parcela 108, nave 5. Polígono Industrial Tecnocórdoba.  
14014 Córdoba, España.

## ***Guidelines for preventing contamination of PCR reaction***

During PCR more than 10 million copies of template DNA are generated. Therefore, care must be taken to avoid contamination with other templates and amplicons that may be present in the laboratory environment. General recommendations to lower the risk of contamination are as follows:

- Prepare your DNA sample, set up the PCR mixture, perform thermal cycling and analyze PCR products in separate areas.
- Set up PCR mixtures in a laminar flow cabinet equipped with an UV lamp.
- Wear fresh gloves for DNA purification and reaction set up.
- Use reagent containers dedicated for PCR. Use positive displacement pipettes, or use pipette tips with aerosol filters to prepare DNA samples and perform PCR set up.
- Always perform “no template control” (NTC) reactions to check for contamination

## ***Quality Control***

The absence of endodeoxyribonucleases, exodeoxyribonucleases and ribonucleases is confirmed by appropriate quality tests. Functionally tested in amplification of a single-copy gene from human genomic DNA.

### ***Endodeoxyribonuclease Assay***

No detectable conversion of covalently closed circular DNA to a nicked DNA was observed after incubation of 10U *HS*<sup>TM</sup> Taq DNA Polymerase with 1 µg pBR322 DNA for 4 hours at 37°C and 70°C.

### ***Exodeoxyribonuclease Assay***

No detectable degradation of lambda DNA-HindIII fragments was observed after incubation of 10U *HS*<sup>TM</sup> Taq DNA Polymerase with 1 µg digested DNA for 4 hours at 37°C and 70°C.

### ***Ribonuclease Assay***

0% of the total radioactivity was released into trichloroacetic acid-soluble fraction after incubation of 10U *HS*<sup>TM</sup> Taq DNA Polymerase with 1 µg E.coli [3H]-RNA (40000cpm/µg) for 4 hours at 37°C and 70°C.

BKL ZONE. Calle Finlandia, parcela 108, nave 5. Polígono Industrial Tecnocórdoba.  
14014 Córdoba, España.