

# FS<sup>™</sup>Taq DNA Polymerase

Catalog No.: P3033 (1000 U)

Concentration: 5U/µl

Contents:  $FS^{TM}$  Taq DNA Polymerase 200 $\mu$ l

10xFS<sup>™</sup> PCR Buffer (Mg<sup>2+</sup> Plus)1.25ml x2

6xLoading Buffer 1ml

#### Store at -20°C

In total 4 vials.

### Description

 $FS^{\text{TM}}$  Taq DNA Polymerase is the latest generation Taq-based DNA polymerase. It possesses high amplification efficiency as Taq DNA polymerase does, and fast elongation ability as KOD polymerase does, can be used in a variety of PCR. The  $FS^{\text{TM}}$  PCR Buffer, designed for  $FS^{\text{TM}}$  Taq DNA polymerase, can be used in fast amplification reaction. The elongation rate of  $FS^{\text{TM}}$  Taq DNA polymerase can be as much as 3kb/min. It can shorten the amplification time by 1/3.

#### **Unit Definition**

One unit is defined as the amount of the enzyme required to catalyze the incorporation of 10 nmole of dNTPs into an acid-insoluble form in 30 minutes at 70°C using hering sperm DNA as substrate.

### Storage Buffer

20mM TrisCl (pH8.0), 1 mM DTT, 0.1 mM EDTA, 100 mM KCl, 0.5% TW 20, 0.5% NP 40, 50% Glycerol

### 10X FS<sup>TM</sup> PCR Buffer with Mg<sup>2+</sup>

200 mM Tris-Cl (PH 8.8), 100 mM KCl, 16 mM (NH4)<sub>2</sub>SO4, 16 mM MgSO<sub>4</sub>, 1% Triton-X-100.

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### PRODUCT USE LIMITATION.

This product is developed, designed and sold exclusively for research purposes and in vitro use only. The product was not tested for use in diagnostics or for drug development, nor is it suitable for administration to humans or animals.

#### **Features**

- Fast elongation: elongation rate can reach 3kb/min, 3 times rate of Taq DNA polymerase
- Thermostable: half-lif over 40 min at 95°C incubation.
- Generates 3'-dA overhangs PCR products.

### **Applications**

- Routine PCR
- DNA labeling
- PCR sequencing
- Generate PCR product for TA cloning

### Basic PCR Protocol

The following basic protocol serves as a general guideline and a starting point for any PCR amplification. Optimal reaction conditions (incubation time and temperature, concentration of  $FS^{TM}$  Taq DNA Polymerase, primers,  $Mg^{2+}$ , and template DNA) vary and need to be optimized.

### 1. Add the following components to a sterile microcentrifuge tube sitting on ice:

# 1.1 Recommended PCR assay with $FS^{TM}$ PCR Buffer (Mg<sup>2+</sup> plus)

Reagent	Quantity, for 50µl reaction	Final concentratio
		n
Sterile deionized water	variable	-
10X FS <sup>™</sup> PCR Buffer (Mg <sup>2+</sup> plus)	5μΙ	1X

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dNTPs (10mM each)	lμl	0.2 mM each
Primer I	variable	0.4-1μΜ
Primer II	variable	0.4-1μΜ
$FS^{TM}$ Taq DNA Polymerase ( $5U/\mu I$ )	0.25-0.5 μΙ	1.25- 2.5U/50 μl
Template DNA	variable	10pg-1μg
Total		50μΙ

# 1.2 Recommended PCR assay with FS<sup>TM</sup> PCR Buffer (Mg<sup>2+</sup> free)

Reagent	Quantity, for	Final
	50µl reaction	concentratio
		n
Sterile deionized water	variable	-
10X FS <sup>™</sup> PCR Buffer (Mg <sup>2+</sup> free)	5μΙ	1X
dNTPs (10mM each)	lμl	0.2 mM each
Primer I	variable	0.4-1μΜ
Primer II	variable	0.4-1μΜ
25mM Mg <sup>2+</sup>	variable	1-4mM
FS™ Taq DNA Polymerase (	0.25-0.5 μΙ	1.25-
5U/μΙ)		2.5U/50 μl
Template DNA	variable	10pg-1μg
Total		50μΙ

# Table for selection of 25 mM $MgCl_2$ solution volume in

## $50\mu$ l reaction mix:

Final Mg <sup>2+</sup> conc.	1.0mM	1.5mM	2.0mM	2.5mM	3mM	4mM
Mg <sup>2+</sup> Stock	2μΙ	3μΙ	4µl	5μΙ	6μΙ	8μΙ

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### Recommendations with Template DNA in a 50µl reaction volume

Human genomic DNA	0.1 µg-1 µg
Plasmid DNA	0.5 ng-5 ng
Phage DNA	0.1 ng-10 ng
E.coli genomic DNA	10 ng-100 ng

2. Mix contents of tube. Cap tubes and centrifuge briefly to collect the contents to the bottom.

When using a thermal cycler that does not contain a heated

lid, overlay the reaction mixture with 25 µl mineral oil.

3. Perform 25-35 cycles of PCR amplification as follows:

Initial Denaturation	94°C	3 minutes
25-35 Cycles	94°C	30 seconds
	55-68°C	30 seconds
	72°C	10-60 seconds
Final Extension	72°C	10 minutes

- 4. Incubate for an additional 2 min at  $72^{\circ}$ C and maintain the reaction at  $4^{\circ}$ C. The samples can be stored at  $-20^{\circ}$ C until use.
- 5. Analyze the amplification products by agarose gel electrophoresis and visualize by ethidium bromide staining. Use appropriate molecular weight standards.

### Notes on cycling conditions

- $FS^{TM}$  Taq DNA Polymerase is for High Specificity PCR applications.
- The half-life of enzyme is >40 minutes at  $95^{\circ}$ C.
- The error rate of  $FS^{TM}$  Taq DNA Polymerase in PCR is  $2.2 \times 10^{-5}$  errors per nt per cycle; the accuracy (an inverse of the error rate) an average number of correct nucleotides incorporated before making an error, is  $4.5 \times 10^{-4}$  (determined according to the modified method described in).
- FS<sup>TM</sup> Taq DNA Polymerase accepts modified nucleotides (e.g. biotin-, digoxigenin-, fluorescent-labeled nucleotides) as substrates for the DNA synthesis.

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 The number of PCR cycles depends on the amount of template DNA in the reaction mix and on the expected yield of the PCR product. 25-35 cycles are usually sufficient for the majority PCR reaction. Low amounts of starting template may require 40 cycles.

### Guidelines for preventing contamination of PCR reaction

During PCR more than 10 million copies of template DNA are generated. Therefore, care must be taken to avoid contamination with other templates and amplicons that may be present in the laboratory environment. General recommendations to lower the risk of contamination are as follows:

- Prepare your DNA sample, set up the PCR mixture, perform thermal cycling and analyze PCR products in separate areas.
- Set up PCR mixtures in a laminar flow cabinet equipped with an UV lamp.
- Wear fresh gloves for DNA purification and reaction set up.
- Use reagent containers dedicated for PCR. Use positive displacement pipettes, or use pipette tips with aerosol filters to prepare DNA samples and perform PCR set up.
- Always perform "no template control" (NTC) reactions to check for contamination.

### **Quality Control**

The absence of endodeoxyribonucleases, exodeoxyribonucleases and ribonucleases is confirmed by appropriate quality tests. Functionally tested in amplification of a single-copy gene from human genomic DNA.

### Endodeoxyribonuclease Assay

No detectable conversion of covalently closed circular DNA to a nicked DNA was observed after incubation of  $10U\ FS^{TM}$  Taq DNA Polymerase with  $1\mu g\ pBR322$  DNA for 4 hours at  $37^{\circ}C$  and  $70^{\circ}C$ .

### Exodeoxyribonuclease Assay

No detectable degradation of lambda DNA-HindIII fragments was observed after incubation of 10U  $FS^{TM}$  Taq DNA Polymerase with 1µg digested DNA for 4 hours at 37°C and 70°C.

### Ribonuclease Assay

0% of the total radioactivity was released into trichloroacetic acid-soluble fraction after incubation of 10U  $FS^{TM}$  Taq DNA Polymerase with 1µg E.coli [3H]-RNA (40000cpm/µg) for 4 hours at 37°C and 70°C.

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